Evaluation framework for damage events in the equipment rental industry



Project participants

- Martin Holmgren, Cramo
- Guy Cremer, Boels
- Jean-Pierre De Nil, Gunco
- Jean Philippe Theuriot, Loxam
- Andy Connor, Speedy Hire
- William Oldman, Kiloutou
- Garnon Thornton, Hewden
- Dino Leistenschneider, Ramirent



Project approach

Define project brief

Elaborate evaluation methodology

Run evaluation workshop

Develop and execute rollout plan





Brief elements	Content
Project objectives	 Developing a framework as mutual communication tool between rental industry and OEMs related to crucial damage events Inducing OEMs to include the guidance from the rental industry regarding case event rankings into their equipment design process in order to develop more cost efficient and safer equipment Evidence from OEMs: actual carried out design changes
Scope	 Equipment: selection of product categories within heavy and access Heavy: excavators, rollers, dumpers, wheel loaders, skid steers Access: telehandlers, scissors, trailer mounted, booms, mast Damage events: Taken from "Catalogue of rental industry issues, needs and requirements" Time: Tangible results should be provided by the OEMs till Sept. 2015
	Agree upon the project brief and methodology

Deliverable of this workshop today

- Agree upon the project brief and methodology
- Develop the evaluation framework
- Apply the framework on the actual list of damage events and come up with a ranking of damage events
- Elaborate complementary questions and hints towards the OEMs per damage event (at least the high-priority ones) to guide OEM design work



EUROPEAN RENTAL **A**SSOCIATION



Dimension

Drivers

Business impact for rental company

- Number of damage events per year
- Spare parts costs
- Repair service costs
- Opportunity costs (e.g. due to idle time and/ or costs for provision of replacement equipment)

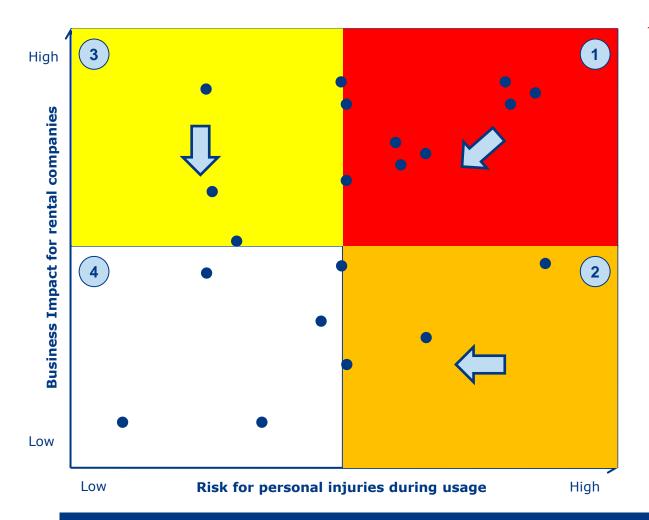
Risk for personal injury during usage

- Potential scope of impact (operator, supporting staff, other people onsite, people off-site)
- Type of injury related to a damage event (e.g. squeezing a toe, losing a head)
- Potential for preventive measures (e.g. locks, bars, engine shot-downs)
- Inbuilt redundancy functionalities (e.g. double-window)
- Inbuilt warning systems (e.g. sounds, lights)

Each potential damage event should be evaluated through those two dimensions



The matrix



Comments

- When evaluating the different damage events, proxies or numerous estimates (e.g. costs, volumes) should be used where possible in order to drive the evaluation more fact-based
- Before starting the evaluation it should be considered whether there are synergies between equipment categories related to the evaluation; if yes, those categories could be clsutered in the same matrix; if no, separate matrices need to be created in order to keep similar level of value sensitivity
- Depending on the location of the "evaluation dot" in the matrix, different priority and hence attention should be given to the damage event behind it.

Guiding rule for the project must be to move all dots into the lower-left quadrant

The starting point

The ERA Technology work is the basis



The aggregation to potential damage events

- Operator broken windows
- Operator damages on bonnets and canopies
- Operated broken tyres and belts
- Operator broken lights and accessories
- Operator broken hydraulic cylinders
- Operator broken baskets (access)
- Operator hydraulic hoses breakage
- Loading and unloading damages on bonnets and canopies
- Loading and unloading damages on hydraulic parts
- Loading and unloading damages on baskets (access)
- Loading and unloading damages on lights and accessories
- · Wrongly used fuel
- · Running out of fuel

- Flat battery
- Clogged air filters
- Clogged fuel filter
- Misuse of emergency buttons
- Lost keys
- Lack of visible equipment measures on the machine
- Mark and indicators
- Lack of standards in colour and sound safety
- Inappropriate lifting points
- Inappropriate tie down points
- Accessible lifting and tie down points from ground level
- Unclear marking of lifting and tie down points
- Lack of daily maintenance at customer
- · Lack of simplified user manuals

The evaluation process during the workshop entails several steps for each potential damage (see next slide)



The workshop routine

Steps

Explanation

Evaluation mechanics

- Define potential equipment clusters
- List damage events relevant for each equipment cluster (in Excel)

Round the

- Evaluate each damage event by giving grades (1 for low, 6 for high) for the two dimensions "Business Impact" and "Risk for injury"
- Plot the results into the matrix in Excel

Validation of results

- Analyze the result and try to identify inconsistencies (e.g. too many dots in one quadrant, obvious outliers, relational outliers)
- Resolve inconsistencies; in cases of lacking objective facts or strong expert insights apply the method of pairwise comparison to create a ranking and hence a repositioning of the dots
- Develop key questions
- Rank all damage events based on the evaluation results from the matrix
- Start at the top and discuss per damage event potential indepthquestions, which then could guide the OEMs towards a potential solution of the issue



Keep in mind: a result is more worth than the process!

The workshop results

1. Evaluation mechanics

Workshop scope Initial scope Excavators Excavators Equipment Dumpers Dumpers Skidsteers Skidsteers Rollers Rollers Heavy Wheel loaders Wheel loaders Telehandlers Telehandlers • Booms Booms Scissors Scissors Access Equipment Masts Masts Truck mounted Truck mounted lifts lifts Trailer mounted ailer mounted lifts lifts Out of scope EUROPEAN (no OEM in ERA team!) RENTAL

Validation of damage events

- Not all damage events in the catalogue on slide 7 are suitable for all equipment clusters
- Before
 evaluating the
 damage events
 the workshop
 group
 eliminated non suitable events
 per cluster (e.g.
 no baskets for
 heavy eq.; no
 windows for
 booms)



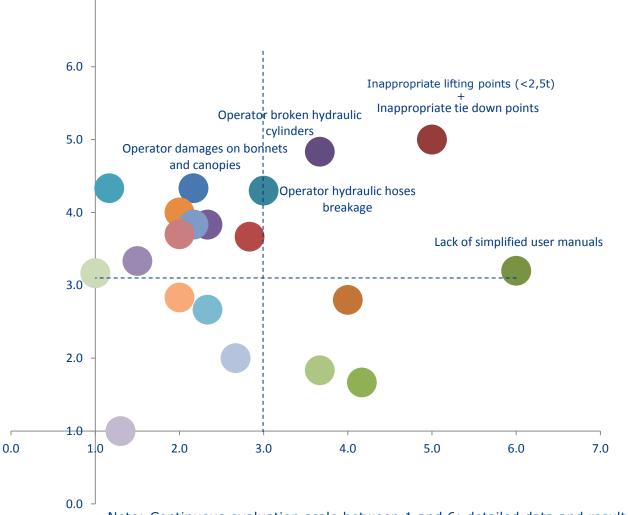
ASSOCIATION

q



2. + 3. The Matrix

7.0



Damage events sorted according to significance

- Inappropriate lifting points (for machines up to 2,5t)
- Inappropriate tie down points
- Lack of simplified user manuals
- Operator broken hydraulic cylinders
- Operator hydraulic hoses breakage
- Loading and unloading damages on baskets (access)
- Operator damages on bonnets and canopies
- Loading and unloading damages on hydraulic parts
- Lack of standards in colour and sound safety
- Lack of daily maintenance at customer
- Wrongly used fuel
- Lost keys
- Operated broken tyres and belts
- Loading and unloading damages on bonnets and canopies
- Lack of visible equipment measures on the machine
- Running out of fuel
- Misuse of emergency buttons
- Operator broken lights and accessories
- Loading and unloading damages on lights and accessories
- Clogged air filters
- Clogged fuel filter
- Flat battery

The workshop results – Excavators

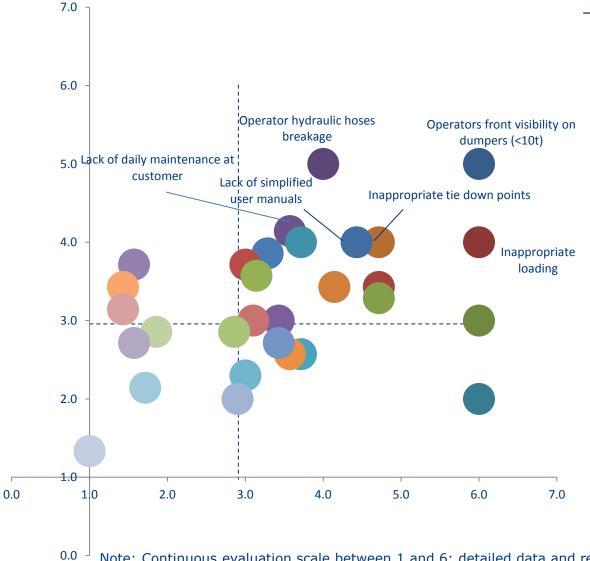
Damage events sorted according to significance



7.0 Inappropriate tie down points Inappropriate lifting points Lack of simplified user manuals 6.0 Operator broken hydraulic cylinders Inappropriate lifting points Operator hydraulic hoses breakage Inappropriate tie down points • Operator damages on bonnets and canopies Operator broken hydraulic Operator broken windows cylinders 5.0 Loading and unloading damages on hydraulic parts Operated broken tyres and belts Operator hydraulic hoses breakage Lack of daily maintenance at customer 4.0 Operator damages on bonnets Wrongly used fuel and canopies • Loading and unloading damages on bonnets and canopies • Lack of visible equipment measures on the machine Mark and indicators 3.0 Lack of simplified user manuals Lost keys Lack of standards in colour and sound safety Loading and unloading damages on lights and accessories 2.0 Running out of fuel Operator broken lights and accessories Clogged air filters 1.0 Clogged fuel filter 0.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 6.0 1.0 7.0 Misuse of emergency buttons Flat battery 11 Note: Continuous evaluation scale between 1 and 6; detailed data and results in corresponding Excel 0.0

The workshop results – Dumpers

2. + 3. The Matrix

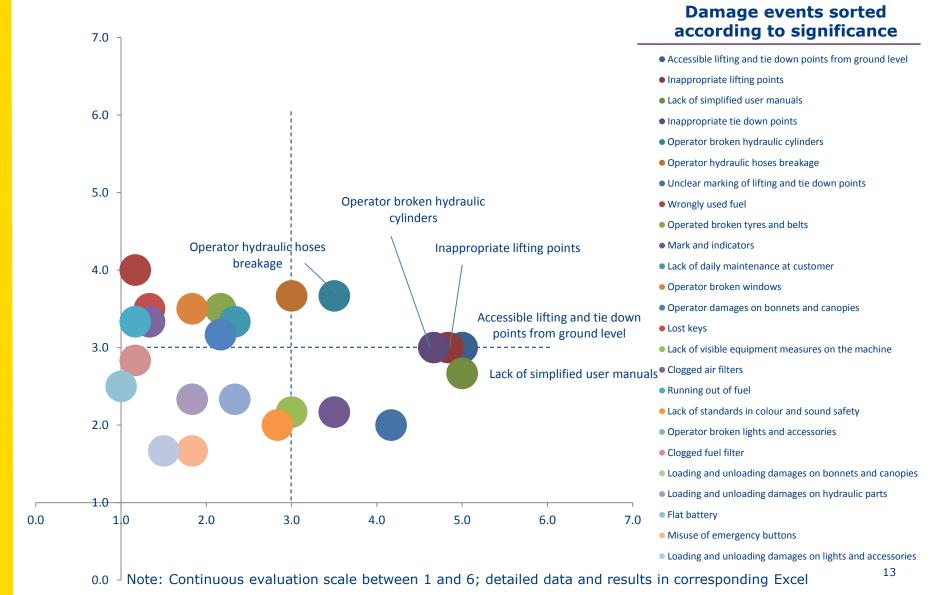


Damage events sorted according to significance

- Operators front visibility on dumpers (<10t)
- Inappropriate loading (overloading of the skip, unbalanced loading, high loading etc.)
- Machine operation with ROPS folded down
- Operator hydraulic hoses breakage
- Operations with seatbelts off
- Inappropriate tie down points
- Lack of simplified user manuals
- Inappropriate lifting points
- Unclear marking of lifting and tie down points
- Lack of daily maintenance at customer
- Operated broken tyres and belts
- Accessible lifting and tie down points from ground level
- Loading and unloading damages on bonnets and canopies
- Operator damages on bonnets and canopies
- Operator broken hydraulic cylinders
- Operator broken lights and accessories
- Lack of standards in colour and sound safety
- Lack of visible equipment measures on the machine
- Mark and indicators
- Loading and unloading damages on hydraulic parts

The workshop results – Skidsteers & Rollers

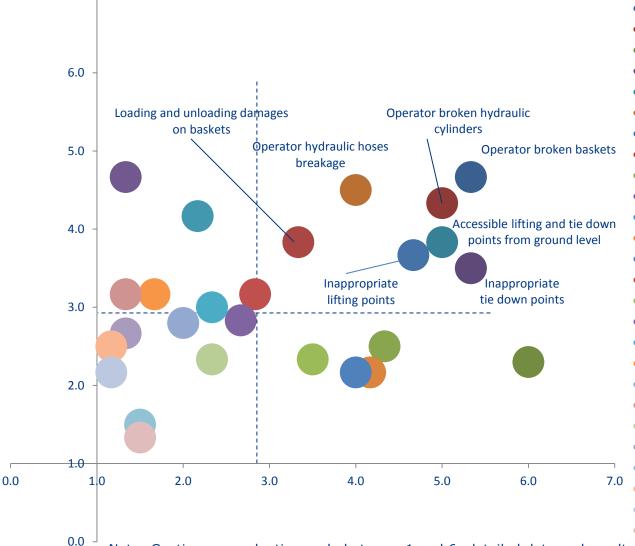
2. + 3. The Matrix



The workshop results – Booms

2. + 3. The Matrix

7.0



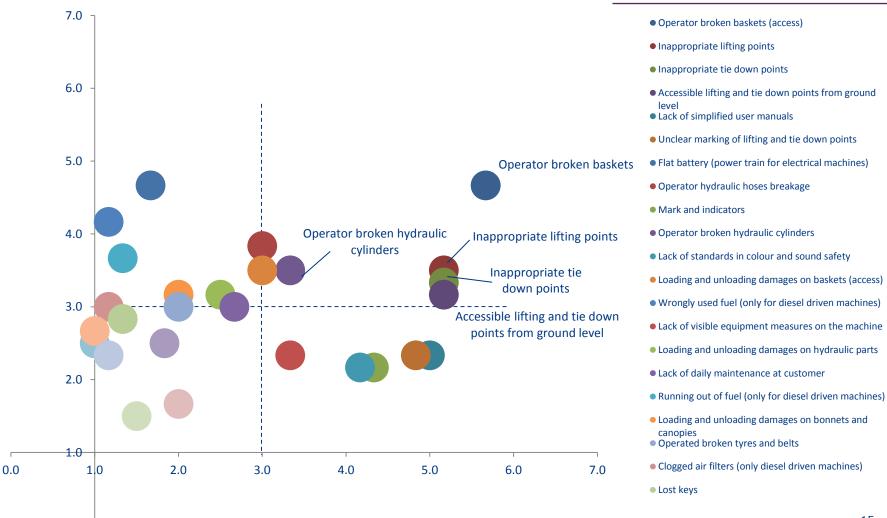
Damage events sorted according to significance

- Operator broken baskets (access)
- Operator broken hydraulic cylinders
- Lack of simplified user manuals
- Inappropriate tie down points
- Accessible lifting and tie down points from ground level
- Operator hydraulic hoses breakage
- Inappropriate lifting points
- Loading and unloading damages on baskets (access)
- Unclear marking of lifting and tie down points
- Wrongly used fuel
- Operator damages on bonnets and canopies
- Lack of standards in colour and sound safety
- Mark and indicators
- Loading and unloading damages on hydraulic parts
- Lack of visible equipment measures on the machine
- Lack of daily maintenance at customer
- Loading and unloading damages on bonnets and canopies
- Running out of fuel
- Misuse of emergency buttons
- Lost keys
- Loading and unloading damages on lights and accessories
- Flat battery
- Operated broken tyres and belts
- Clogged fuel filter
- Clogged air filters
- Operator broken lights and accessories

Note: Continuous evaluation scale between 1 and 6; detailed data and results in corresponding Excel

The workshop results – Scissors & Masts

2. + 3. The Matrix



Note: Continuous evaluation scale between 1 and 6; detailed data and results in corresponding Excel

Damage events sorted according to significance